ENM 2400 Differential Equations and Linear Algebra
This course discusses the theory and application of linear algebra and differential equations. Emphasis is placed on building intuition for the underlying concepts and their applications in engineering practice along with tools for solving problems. We will also use computer simulations in MATLAB to augment this intuition.
Fall or Spring
Prerequisite: MATH 1410
1 Course Unit

ENM 2510 Analytical Methods for Engineering
This course introduces students to physical models and mathematical methods that are widely encountered in various branches of engineering. Illustrative examples are used to motivate mathematical topics including ordinary and partial differential equations, Fourier analysis, eigenvalue problems, and stability analysis. Analytical techniques that yield exact solutions to problems are developed when possible. The course will cover concepts such as regression, classification, density estimation, and feature extraction, sampling and probabilistic modeling, and provide a formal understanding of how, why, and when these methods work in the context of analyzing physical, biological, and engineering systems.
Spring
Prerequisite: MATH 2400
1 Course Unit

ENM 3600 Introduction to Data-driven Modeling
From recognizing voice, text or images to designing more efficient airplane wings and discovering new drugs, machine learning is introducing a transformative set of tools in data analysis with increasing impact across engineering, sciences, and commercial applications. In this course, you will learn about principles and algorithms for extracting patterns from data and making effective automated predictions. We will cover concepts such as regression, classification, density estimation, feature extraction, sampling and probabilistic modeling, and provide a formal understanding of how, why, and when these methods work in the context of analyzing physical, biological, and engineering systems.
Fall
Prerequisite: ENGR 1050 AND MATH 2400
1 Course Unit

ENM 3750 Biological Data Science I - Fundamentals of Biostatistics
The goal of this course is to equip bioengineering undergraduates with fundamental concepts in applied probability, exploratory data analysis and statistical inference. Students will learn statistical principles in the context of solving biomedical research problems.
Spring
1 Course Unit

ENM 5020 Numerical Methods and Modeling
This course provides an advanced introduction to various numerical methods for solving systems of algebraic equations (linear and non-linear) and differential equations (ordinary and partial). Techniques covered include Newton's method, implicit and explicit time stepping, and the finite difference and finite element methods. The MATLAB software package will be used to implement the various methods and execute representative calculations.
Spring
1 Course Unit

ENM 5030 Introduction to Probability and Statistics
Fall
Prerequisite: MATH 2400
1 Course Unit

ENM 5100 Foundations of Engineering Mathematics - I
This is the first course of a two semester sequence, but each course is self contained. Over the two semesters topics are drawn from various branches of applied mathematics that are relevant to engineering and applied science. These include: Linear Algebra and Vector Spaces, Hilbert spaces, Higher-Dimensional Calculus, Vector Analysis, Differential Geometry, Tensor Analysis, Optimization and Variational Calculus, Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations, Initial-Value and Boundary-Value Problems, Green’s Functions, Special Functions, Fourier Analysis, Integral Transforms and Numerical Analysis. The fall course emphasizes the study of Hilbert spaces, ordinary and partial differential equations, the initial-value, boundary-value problem, and related topics.
Fall
1 Course Unit
ENM 5110 Foundations of Engineering Mathematics - II
This is the second course of a two semester sequence, but each course is self contained. Over the two semesters topics are drawn from various branches of applied mathematics that are relevant to engineering and applied science. These include: Linear Algebra and Vector Spaces, Hilbert spaces, Higher-Dimensional Calculus, Vector Analysis, Differential Geometry, Tensor Analysis, Optimization and Variational Calculus, Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations, Initial-Value and Boundary-Value Problems, Green's Functions, Special Functions, Fourier Analysis, Integral Transforms and Numerical Analysis. The spring course emphasizes the study of Vector Analysis: space curves, Frenet-Serret formulae, vector theorems, reciprocal systems, co- and contra-variant components, orthogonal curvilinear systems. Matrix theory: Gauss-Jordan elimination, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, quadratic and canonical forms. Variational calculus: Euler-Lagrange equation. Tensor Analysis: Einstein summation, tensors of arbitrary order, dyads and polyads, outer and inner products, quotient law, metric tensor, Euclidean and Riemannian spaces, physical components, covariant differentiation, detailed evaluation of Christoffel symbols, Ricci's theorem, intrinsic differentiation, generalized acceleration, Geodesics. The spring course emphasizes the study of Vector Analysis: space curves, Frenet-Serret formulae, vector theorems, reciprocal systems, co- and contra-variant components, orthogonal curvilinear systems. Matrix theory: Gauss-Jordan elimination, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, quadratic and canonical forms. Variational calculus: Euler-Lagrange equation. Tensor Analysis: Einstein summation, tensors of arbitrary order, dyads and polyads, outer and inner products, quotient law, metric tensor, Euclidean and Riemannian spaces, physical components, covariant differentiation, detailed evaluation of Christoffel symbols, Ricci's theorem, intrinsic differentiation, generalized acceleration, Geodesics.

Fall
Prerequisite: ENM 5100
1 Course Unit

ENM 5120 Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos

Fall or Spring
1 Course Unit

ENM 5200 Principles and Techniques of Applied Math I
This course is targeted to engineering PhD students in all areas. It will focus on the study of linear spaces (both finite and infinite dimensional) and of operators defined on such spaces. This course will also show students how powerful methods developed by the study of linear spaces can be used to systematically solve problems in engineering. The emphasis in this course will not be on abstract theory and proofs but on techniques that can be used to solve problems. Some examples of techniques that will be studied include Fourier series, Green's functions for ordinary and partial differential operators, eigenvalue problems for ordinary differential equations, singular value decomposition of matrices, etc. Prerequisite: Basic theory of ordinary and partial differential equations.

Spring
1 Course Unit

ENM 5210 Principles and Techniques of Applied Math II
This course is a continuation of ENM 520 (or equivalent) and deals with classical methods in applied mathematics. The topics to be covered include: Functions of a Complex Variable, Partial Differential Equations, Asymptotic and Perturbation Methods, and Convex Analysis and Variational Methods.

Spring
1 Course Unit

ENM 5220 Numerical Methods for PDEs
The objective of the course is to provide training in fundamentals of numerical analysis at the PhD level. This course does not explore methods tailored to a specific physics subdomain. Instead, general ideas and systematic procedures for construction and analysis of numerical methods are introduced, which can be applied to diverse disciplines of computational science seeking numerical solution of complex differential equations. The course begins with the techniques for numerical differentiation/integration and solution of system of ODEs, which later is integrated into techniques for solution of PDEs of various types (hyperbolic, parabolic, and elliptic ones). Measures of stability and accuracy are presented, with emphasis on preserving symmetries of differential operators to preclude unphysical solution growth or decay. Spectral methods based on Sturm-Liouville eigenfunctions are covered. Utility and limitation of the widely used methods for computation of broadband phenomena are illustrated. Students will have first-hand experience writing their own computer programs, and also come to view critically the numerical output generated by a computer. Background on linear algebra and ordinary/partial differential equations at the level of ENM 510 and basic MATLAB experience. Undergraduates require instructor permission to enroll.

Spring, odd numbered years only
1 Course Unit

ENM 5310 Data-driven Modeling and Probabilistic Scientific Computing
We will revisit classical scientific computing from a statistical learning viewpoint. In this new computing paradigm, differential equations, conservation laws, and data act as complementary agents in a predictive modeling pipeline. This course aims explore the potential of modern machine learning as a unifying computational tool that enables learning models from experimental data, inferring solutions to differential equations, blending information from a hierarchy of models, quantifying uncertainty in computations, and efficiently optimizing complex engineering systems. Prerequisite: Programming in Python and MATLAB

Not Offered Every Year
1 Course Unit
ENM 5400 Topics In Computational Science and Engineering
This course is focused on techniques for numerical solutions of ordinary and partial differential equations. The content will include: algorithms and their analysis for ODEs; finite element analysis for elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic PDEs; approximation theory and error estimates for FEM. Prerequisite: Background in ordinary and partial differential equations; proficiency in a programming language such as MATLAB, C, Fortran
Not Offered Every Year
1 Course Unit